

WHEELING, WEST VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 7, 1875.

VOL. XXIII.

The Intelligencer.

that city and spoken his piece on the cur-rency. We presume from what we see in that he spoke on Wheeling Island several was in the chrysalis stage of Democracy there is no difference in the monetary

sort of talk to make it plausible. It be is couched to a certain extent in the lanceptive and dangerous on that account.

er could be made valuable as money by the stamp of the Government. Paper way now. In fact there was no need for ment at all. Paper and coin abundantly suffice to illustrate the position assumed oney and flush times-which is that all we need is plenty of paper money to

valuable. It is a promise to pay some kind, any more than an individual's notes are payable in kind. All paper is a mere promise to pay something, and not the performance of a promise. Green-Every government note reads that "the United States will pay the bearer" the amount named on the face of the note. The note is not its own discharge. It can never be discharged except by the pay ment of its face in coin.

And why is government paper in all countries payable in coin? Why, in other words, is it not payable in leather, If leather is of equal value? Simply because gold and silver, beside having a more nearly than any other two metals : gives value to everything in this world. Long experience has shown that gold is scarce and hard to get. Whether it is found in California or Australia, it takes earth and put it in readiness for smelting. A day's work in any mine in any part the world will produce only a small amount of gold, whereas a day's work in regards its productiveness, a hundred money that could be put in circulation if iron was used as the raw material, while that all the governments on earth can true of iron is truer still of paper. The same piece of paper can, at the pleasto represent one dollar, five dollars, ten weight-so much value to so much stamped with a ten dollar dve. No goverful enough on land or sea, to make a five dollar gold piece (in weight) pass for ten dollars. The thing has been tried time and again, but has always failed. Gold and silver coins have been clipped by kings and princes, and otherwise debased with a view to making one dollar take the place of two or more, but the debased coin always sunk to its proper level, and fore. The silly Kings found that despite all they could do, it took so many onnees of gold to build so many ships or keep so many men under arms.

entable either on the ground of novelty or utility. It is a very old idea and or that has been thoroughly exploded. If paper money could possibly make a be one of the most prosperous countries in Europe to-day. But all experience shows that whenever money is issued in excess of the necessities of exchange, it immediately commences to fund itself, Oration, Hewetson, satterfliwait and Junso to speak, in high prices, so that the
same stock of commodities in any country (the only real wealth that any country can have) may be worth to-day a miltry can have) may be worth to-day a miltry can have) may be worth to-day a million of dollars, and next year ten millions of dollars, in nominal value. Austria cannot make her paper equal to
gold, and it will not to-day buy as
much as gold. The United States,
although one of the richest governmenta
in the world, cannot make her money equal

Drs. J. (1) and A. (1). McCollough, and own territory even with a force law, in the with gold. If Sam Cary's idea was not pure fiction this would not be the case. This can be proved geometrically.

In geometry, things that are equal to the same thing are equal to one an other. If a dollar in gold will buy a bushel of potatoes, and a dollar in paper will do the same thing, then are the gold dollar and paper dollar (each being equal to a bushel of potatoes) equal to each other. But where it takes a dollar and seventeen cents in paper money to buy as many potatoes as a dollar in gold, then it is clear to the dollest intellect that a mere clear to the dollest intellect that a mere.

In geometry, things that are equal to each other, for a project for a project for the society.

Dr. Hewetson spoke of a project for a project for any interpolation of the same thing, then are the gold dollar and Eastern Ohio into a District Society, and moved that the Chair appoint a Committee of Conference to consult other societies upon this matter. Remarks, were made by Dr. Bates. Drs. Cooke and Fisher, of Bridgeport, and Dr. T. C. Hoover, of Bellaire, were apposited upon this committee.

Or. Hardesty reported the case of a general control of the conference of the society.

Fire Losses.

Cotto Spatiscos, July 6.—A fire here this morning burned five houses and damaged loss \$35,000; and paper dollar (each being equal to a bushel of potators) equal to each other. But where it takes a dollar and seven-teen cents in paper money to buy as many potators as a dollar in gold, then it is clear to the dullest intellect that a mere government stamp can not equalize values between paper and coin.

As for Cary's arraignment of the government for not keeping up the volume of currency to its maximum after the war, there is just as little in all he says on that point as in his other financial quackery.

The control of the case of a gentle of the case of a gentle of the sevent leading to the case of a gentle of the c

Our Washington dispatches this morning show just how the eternal laws of trade will assert themselves. According to the Comptroller's showing for the month of Comptroller's showing for the month of June, there were \$3,005,626 in greenbacks ciety.

June, there were \$3,005,626 in greenbacks ciety.

Dr. Satterthwait was appointed to read deposited by National banks wherewith a paper on Scarlet Fever at the next meeting.

against \$1,615,525 of new currency issued to new banks. The showing for the whole time since the passage of the act of June 20, 1874, providing for an increase country actually needed more money than persisted in voluntarily contracting the

currency?

It seems strange that a man who has been in public life as long as Sam Cary should have such crude notions about elementary matters of statesmanship. All the world (unless we except Sam) knows that panies can not be avoided by having a vast volume of irredeemable paper in circulation. Panies come about the proper in circulation. Panies come about the form of the proper in circulation. Panies come about the proper in circulation. Panies come about the proper in circulation. Panies come about the proper in circulation are properly as the proper in circulation. Panies come about the properly as the properly longs to that species of falsehood which paper in circulation. Panics come about world habitually overtrades, and there is an undue expansion of credit every few as we all know, is made valuable in that pay that creates a panic. This is the case, all the same, whether they are called to pay in a sound or an unsound do business on a sound currency are those that esteem everything else of more account than their money,

redeemable money, after John Law's

deemable paper-irredeemable paper bespeculation begot distrust-distrust begot ollapse-collapse begot bankruptcyfrom which last all power of reproduc tion was taken away.

We commend this brief genealogy to the Steubenville Gazette as a good antidote to take into its stomach along with Sam, Carv's nostrums.

Meeting of the Medical Men at Bellaire on Monday.

Proposition to Form Western Pa., West Virginia and East-ern Ohio Into One Medical Association.

BELLAIRE, July 6th, 1875.

Bellane, July 6th, 1875.

Special Reporter the Intelligencer
The Medica-Chirurgical Association of Eastern Ohio met at the City Hall in this city at 11 A. M. yesterlay, and was called to order by the President, Dr. M. W. Junkins, with Dr. Jno. E. West, of St. Clairsville, at the Secretary's desk.
After the reading and approval of the minutes of the last meeting, members of the Association were requested to enroll their names.
Dr. I. Hoover was appointed an honorary member, and Dr. Inskeep, a working member.
A motion by Dr. Grafton as to the time of meeting was laid on the table.

APTERNOON SESSION. Dr. Junkins, the President, introduced to the meeting Drs. Edwards and Hard-esty, of Wheeling, who took their seats

among the members.

The order of business used by the late
Belmont Medical Association was read by the Secretary at the request of Dr. Grafton; also the order adopted by the

tee on Pharmacy, reported a recommenda-tion that steps be taken to sccure legisla-tion to prohibit the practice of pharmacy by persons not having capacity therefor. The President called to the chair Dr. Jun-The President called to the chair Dr. Jun-kins, and requested Dr. Bates, of Wheel-ing, whom he introduced, to give the re-sult of his observations and experience with inodicinal clixirs and compounds. The doctor appraved the attempts of the Association to get rid of the multiplicity of these things, at the same time giving his opinion in favor of some of the new preparations.

preparations.

Dr. Junkins, the President having resumed the chair, also made some remarks unfavorable to the propositions under hind.

onsideration. Dr. Edwards followed with a few extracts from the advertisements of a prominent pharmaccutist.

Dr. Grafton made the following motion

countenance and refuse to prescribe any preparation not officinal. This being sec-onded, remarks were made by Drs. Kurz, it immediately commences to fund itself, Orafton, Hewetson, Satterthwait and Jun

A. Hawthorne were accepted as mem-it into his bowels. The murderer was captured and lodged in jail.

Dr. Kurz, appointed at a previous meeting to report on puerperal fever, read a carefully prepared inpere on this subject, after which an interesting and a spirited discussion on this subject took produce.

Crop Reports.
Chicago, July 6.—The following cropeports have been telegraphed to the Asociated Pres from points in Iowacate Reports from Wyoming,
Withon

urrency, except that communities that to business on a sound currency are lawns and possiness on a sound currency are another week the wheat and barley will not be worth cutting. The communities that of the west ward to be worth cutting. Some body once wrote the history of irscelecemble money, after John Law's gelecemble money, after John Law's light from France, as follows:

Reclzebub begot Law—Law begot irreleemable paper beleemable paper—irreleemable paper beleemable paper below the prevents are doing linely.

Loudon—The rain has not injured the creatism of the west ward to the prevents plowing. The other prevents proving the several ward to the prevents proving the creatism of the west weather which prevents plowing. The other prevents proving the west weather wards to all the west weather continues another week the wheat and barley will not be worth cutting.

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rops in this vicinity.
Stanwood—Crops in fine condition.
Colo—Rain has injured the small

ains considerably.

grains considerably.
Clarence—Crops never looked better.
Rains have done no damage.
Norway—Crops looking well. Rain
would, however, do much damage.
Dubuque—Reports from Dubuque, Delaware, Buchanan, Jones, Lim, Bremen,
Chickassaw, Floyd, Mitchell, Butler,
Franklin, Hardin, Hamilton, Webster,
Calhoun, Pucahontas, Buena Vista, Cherokee and Plymonth counties state that
the recent rains have not damaged the
small grains to any great extent. In a few localities some have been blown down and lodged, but wheat, oats and harley generally promise a large yield. One-tenth more acres are under cultivation than last year. Corn looks bad. It is very weedy and the wet weather prevented the farmers from working it. In a few hilly sections it is badly washed, The prospects are that there will be hardly an average crop, though a few weeks of warm, pleasant weather may alter the situation entirely.

RECRUITS FOR THE ARMY OMARA, July 6.—One hundred and sixty recruits left here to-day for Fort Russell and Camp Douglass, to be assign-ed to the Fourteenth Infantry.

The copious ratus of the past week data but very slight damage to some, but the balance are placed beyond fear of a drought. The farmers will begin harvesting next week. The grasshoppers have about disappeared. Some were flying here to-day, at a great height.

EXCURTING EDITORS.

Eastern editorial excursi arrived here this evening. They will re-main until Thursday, and go westward in a special train. A public reception and banquet will be given them at the Grand

Shot by a Police Officer.

which Mant to which Manning replied by throwing a monkey wrench at McCormick and using abusive language. McCormick left and procured a warrant for the arrest of Maning, and on entering the grocery was fired at by Manning, the ball grazing the officer's temple. Whereupon McCormick drew his revolver and fired, killing Manning instantly. McCormick then surrendered himself up. Manning was formerly a policeman.

Forgot his Creditors.

FOUND DEAD.

A stranger, representing himself as a traveling agent for a New York house, was found dead in bed at Kaufman's hourding house on Second street this morning. Nathing was found on him to indicate his residence or name. He was about 40 years of age, heavy set, dark hair cut short and a light mustache and chin whiskers. The yerdict of the corner's jury was death from heart disease

SCHANTON, July 6,--A young man amed Frank Doud was murdered here named Frank Danil was murdered here last night by another young man named Walter Whittaker. They were bonn companions and rivals for the hand of a young lady. In the afternoon they had quarreled about her, when Doud declared he would take her away from all rivals, which so incensed Whittaker that he armed himself with a burcher knife, and meeting his victim shortly after, ulnused ing man named surance small. Drs. J. G. and A. G. McCullough and meeting his victim shortly after, plunged

Democratic Pow-wow.

By Telegraph

ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

TO THE DAILY INTELLIGENCER

WASHINGTON.

L. D. SINE'S INJUNCTION DISSOLVED.

JAY COOKE & CO.

deposit July 1st for the purpose of retiring circulation.

A Saloon Difficulty at Wester-ville, Ohio.

Columbus, O., July 6.—For some days a warm conflict has been going on in Westerville, in this county, between the citizens of that town and one Henry II. citizens of that town and one Henry H. Corbin, who recently started a sulcon within the corporation limits. Until yesterday the war had been one of words, but last night some unknown parties secretly placed gunpowder in the sulcon building, connecting with it a fuse, which caused an explosion to occur about midnight, blowing out the windows and door of the building and raising the roof about four inches. To-day, upon application of Corbin, warrants were issued for the arrest of the preachers of the various of Corbin, warrants were issued for the urrest of the preachers of the various churches in Westerville, the postmuster and four other citizens. The warrants charge the parties named, and others unknown, with riotous conduct in assaulting and encouraging an assault upon Carbin's saloon with stones on the night of July 24. Otterbien University is located at Westerville, and for many years no saloon has been allowed to exist in the town. The excitement is very great, and each side equally determined to hold out.

A Sad Accident. gomery clung to the horses for a while with a little boy in his arms, but was compelled to let go and both were drown-ed. In the meantime, Mr. Baker, who had been swimming to the opposite shore with another boy in his arms became ex-hausted when within four feet of the bank and was carried down the torrent. The other people were rescued by the neigh-loss.

Outrage and Murder.

St. Louis, July 6.—A little German girl named Lizzie Schmidt, aged seven years, was outraged and killed near O'Fallon, Ill., Sunday night. It appears that the people in the village had been celebrating the Fourth in a grove near by, and in the evening, when Mr. Schmidt was ready to go home, he could not find girl named 15226 Schmidt, aged seven years, was outraged and killed near OFfallon, Ill., Sunday night. It appears that the people in the village had been celebrating the Fourth in a grove near by, and in the evening, when Mr. Schmidt was ready to go home, he could not find his daughter. Search was immediately made and continued until about 3 o'clock yeaterday morning, when the body of the child was found in the grass near a fence adjoining the road leading from the grove. A man nemed Jas. Hogan was arrested in s made and continued until about 3 o'clock westerday morning, when the body of the child was found in the grass near a fence adjoining the road leading from the grave. A man nemed Jas. Hogan was arrested in 1 East St. Louis last night, on suspicion of heing the guilty party, and taken to O'Fallon. Intense excitement prevails in that vicinity, and fears are entertained that Hogan will be lynched.

A fire at Kansas City, yesterday, destroyed \$45,000 worth of property. Insurance small.

The Vicksburg Row.

The Vielsburg Row.

New Onleass, July 6.—A Vickslurg dispatch says that the disturbance at the negro meeting at the court home yesterday grew out of a difficulty between two white men, one of whom was dangerously wounded. A pistol was then drawn by Ben Allen, a colored politician. He was knocked down at once by some whites and severely beaten. Soon after this a light occurred between a party of negroes and a white man, in which a negro's skull was broken. A shot was then fired into the crowd by a negro riding past in a hack, which was returned by a white man. During the melec two negroes were killed and one seriously wounded. Everything is quiet to-day, and no furchastics of the Celebration.

sination of Russell is generally believed to have been done by parties interested in getting him out of the way as a witness against various parties now under conviction, by the U. S. Court, for interfering with a Federal official in the exercise of his duty in that county. Out of this case there has also grown considerable excitement. In the past two or three days four men from Owen county were convicted in the U. S. Court for the offense named. Sentence was suspended by Judge Emmons and the prisoners have since remained in the Jefferson county jail. Last Friday their counsel obtained a writ of habeas corpus from Judge McManama, Circuit Judge for their cordial reception. The Mayor then

na injunction to prevent their hands, properly in their hands. He also calls for bills and exhibits and asks to have subposses issued to all of the defendants to appear and answer.

CONDITION OF THE CURRENCY.

NOTHING ADDITIONAL. Sr. Louis, July 6.—But little additional as been learned about the raping and urder of the child Lizzie Schmidt at mined that the guilty parties shall be fer

The business agent of the Washington base ball club absconded from here last night with all the money of the club, leav-ing them with no means to get home. A subscription is being raised here for their

STEAMBOAT ACCIDENT.

nd stove her starboard wheel and uppe

Weather Report. WAR DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SHOULD OFFICER WASHINGTON, D. C., July 6.-1 a. M.

PROBABILITIES.
For South Atlantic and Gulf States

For Tennessee, Ohio Valley and Lower Lake regions, higher barometer, north-west to northeast winds, cooler, partly cloudy weather and occasional rains, for upper Lake region, upper Mis-sissippi and lower Missouri Valleys, winds veering to East or South, warmer, clear or cloudy weather, and followed by folling barometer.

Meeting at the Produce Ex-change.

Chicago, July 6.—A meeting of the nerchants was held this afternoon at the the gentlemen from Florida, and stating clearly the object of the meeting and the benefits of the proposed intercourse. After several speeches had been delivered, all pointing to the desirability of securing communication with Florida, a committee of ten was appointed to join the dele gation from Florida in a visit to th freight agents and express company offi-cers to-morrow to make arrangements suitable for the consummation of the

Rain, Hail. Wind and Lightning.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Ciscissart, July 6.—Joseph S. Ross, familiarly known as Uncle Joe Ross, died at his residence in Glendale, O., to-day, aged 73. The deceased was Chairman of the Council Committee in 1852 that reported in favor of a steam fire department for this city. He was an active worker in favor of the indid department was young of the paid department was vocacy of the paid department was burned in effigy in front of the city build

FOREIGN NEWS. IRELAND.

their nonor at the Bolanie Gardens, where was to the place of festivity they found the streets crowded with people, whose enthusiasm knew no bounds. The gardens presented a gala appearance. Fifteen thousand people were present, and repeated cheers were given for the Americans.

Colonel Gildersleeve and other members of the Team visited and took leave of the Lord Mayor and prominent citizens. A large assemblage witnessed their departure from Dublin, including all who had assisted in their entertainment and nearly all the American residents. Loud cheers and shouts of "Good bye" were given as the train left the depot. On the road welcoming crowds were collected at every station between Dublin and Belfast and many church spires were flagged At Portadown the railway company provided a special train for the visitors for the remainder of the journey to Belfast. At Portadown the railway company provided a special train for the visitors for the remainder of the journey to Belfaxt. Letters were received by Colonel Gildersleeve to-day, proposing that at Wimbledon the Americans shoot against a picked team of English, trish and Scotch marksmen. The gentlemen of the Irish Team believe that the Englishmen are frightened and want to back down. It is remarked of the scenes in Belfaxt to-day that no such demonstration of popular enthusiasm has been known in Belfaxt within twenty years.

fast within twenty years.

MR. SCHENCE AT THE BANQUET.

LONDON, July 6.—At a banquet in the
Crystal Palace last night, Mr. Schenck, on
proposing the health of President Grant,
dwelt on the pride and attachment Americans had for their country. They were
loyal because the Constitution and government are of their own choice, and
they were loyal to the executive for the
same reason. He alluded to the wonderful material progress of the United States.
Both England and America had derived
benefit from the Declaration of Inde-

Mr. Torrens referred to the late civil war, and said he knew the Queen never turned against America in her day of trouble. It is hardly decent for any loyal Englishman to participate in the celebration of English disasters. The American insurrection was about the most unprovoked rebellion in history. In the present time, forbearance and conciliation on the English side are returned by the ent time, forbearance and conciliation on the English side are returned by the Americans with insult and abuse, which are only encountered by cringing flattery, and this Dean Stanley calls reconciliation and peace-making. Among the Americans there are but few not actually participating in the general system of public plunder in their country who not joyfully exchange their institutions for the order, honesty and loyalty of this empire, from which, a century ago, they made their insane revolt.

Among those at the American banquet last alght was a son of President Grant, Sir Frederick Perkins and Henry Rich-

London July 6,—The Mark Lane Er-ores says the weather is calculated to greatly hinder having and harvesting. Consequently the prospects are threaten-ing for the future. The price of wheat s a shilling higher, and in some markets wo shillings.

HEAVY FAILURE IN ENGLAND. LONDON, July 6.-John Rankin & Co. have failed, with liabilities estimated at

\$1,250,000.

The British gunboat Lively to-day sailed from Portsmouth for the Spanish coast to protect British interests in the ports threatened by military operations.

MPAIN.

MADRID, July 6.—The Diario says it has reason to believe that Dorregaray's army, feeling incapable of resisting an attack of the Alfonsist forces, left Cantavija and crossed the Ebro, and is now marching into Catalonia.

Several guns of heavy caliber have been disembarked from a steamer at San Sebastian. They are intended for detached forts at Reuteriar.

The Carlists have erected fresh batteries against San Sebastian. A French

The Carlists have erected fresh batteries against San Sebastian. A French gunboat has arrived there to protect the interests of French subjects.

The commission of nine members appointed to prepare a fraft of the new constitution for the kingdom of Spain have concluded their labors. The draft opens with the declaration of individual and religious liberty. The Legislature is to consist of a Senate and a chamber of deputies composed as in the other liberal monarchial states. The ungistacy is to be irremovable. It is beliberal monarchial states, tracy is to be irremovable. It is be lieved the Constitution will be adopted

ithout modification.
It is rumored that the Alfonsists have enplured Ciria Viega.

The Carlista have cut the railway between Huetsea and Barcella at Tosdienta.

AUSTRIA

VIENNA, July 6 .- The funeral of Em VIENA, July 6.—The funeral of Em-peror Ferdinand took place to-day. The Emperor and Empress of Austria, the Czarowitz, the Crown Princess of Ger-many and Italy, the entire Austrian Court and Ministry, the Diplomatic body and Austrian Cardinals and Hishops, as-sisted at the ceremonies which were of the most important character.

PRANCE

Panis, July 0.—President MacMahon has reinried to Versailles.

Le Hayes publishes a letter from Cassagnac, holding Gambetta responsible for insulting language in La Republique Francise, and demanding satisfaction.

A duel was fought yesterday in Belgium between two Parisian journalisis, Rosste, of Le Ivesse, and Pouvier, of Le

Figuro. The latter was wounded in the chest and arm.

M. Gambetta has declined to accept Cassagnac's challenge to fight a duel on account of articles in La Republique Founcaise. He says he cannot hold himself at the disposal of the first comer among his political adversaries, as he has other duties and responsibilities to fulfill towards his party, France and the Republic.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

at New Ulm last night, supposed to have ly all its contents, was burned down; loss being exclusive of the furniture, between \$6,000 and \$7,000.

Three houses were also burned at Min-neapolis, last night, the Galaxy flour-ing mills containing twelve ran of stone were burned; loss of Messrs, Ankeny, the owners, is about \$150,000, the walls being unintered.

owners, is about \$150,000, the walls being uninjured.

Wm. Trudner, a night watchman in Stanwitz & Shober's flouring mill at Minneapolis, was caught by his clothing in the gearing of the mill and crushed to death. His body was terribly mangled when it was found next morning, being hardly distinguishable.

John Weidstadt, son of a well-known physician in this city, accidentally shot and killed himself yesterday afternoon. The charge of the gun passed through his bowels.

Chicago, July 6.—An Inter-Ocean spe-ial from Brownsvile says that General

AN IMPORTANT OPINION.

A prominent lawyer of this city, in compliance with the request of several grain dealers here, has given his opinion on the provision of the State law requiring that the expense of inspection of grain must be borne by the grain dealer. He holds that the provision is unconstitutional, and that the expense of inspection should be borne by the State, as much as that of the courts or any other State matter. State matter.

THE TURE.

DEXTER PARK RACES.

CHICAGO, July 6.—This was the third and last day of the first meeting of the Dexter Park Racing Association, and the conditions for fast time were very

favorable, though the attendance was the smallest of the season.

The first race was a running one, premium \$200, for three-year-olds, mile and a half dash. Aramus won. Time, 2:48.

The next was also a running race, premium \$500, two miles and repeat. Amadens won. Time, 3:471, 3:49.

Third race—trotting, premium \$200, for gentlemen road horses having no better record than 2:40. Jack Short won. Time, 2:44.

Fatal Boiler Explosion. LITTLE BOCK, July 6.—The boiler of a saw mill near Hot Springs exploded on Saturday killing four and seriously in-BURNED UP.

The business part of the town of Wash-ngton, in Hempstead county, Arkansa-, vas destroyed by fire on Satuday morn-

Ex-member of Congress from this State fied in Nevada county on Friday.

Still on its Travels. CLEVELAND, July 6.—The balloon City of Bullalo, which left here yesterday anchored at Windham last night, and re-secended this morning. When last heard from it was 11:30 A. M., when it passed over Rouseville. It was travelling Southwest.

Nomination for Congress. SAN FRANCISCO, July 6.—The Demo-eratic Convention and first Congressional Convention, this evening nominated W. A. Piper, of this city, for Congress.

Marine Intelligence.

London, July 6.—Steamer Republic rom France arrived. New York, July 6.— Arrived—The Steamer Sternman, from Liverpool and Klopstack from Humburg.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

BY TELEGRAPH. New York Money and Stocks. New York, July 6. — Monry — Easy it 2a215 per cent. Prime mercantile pa-per 3/5a5 per cent. Stricting Exchange—Pull at \$1.85/5a 1.87 for sixty days, and \$1.89/5a4.90 for

GOLD-Closed at 117%, after selling a 11734a117. Carrying rates 1a2 per cent. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed \$623,000, Clearings, \$26,000,000. Specie engagements for to morrow's steamer \$600,000. Customs receipts \$444,000. Exports of produce for

STATE SECURITIES-Strong.

the week, \$6,190,155 GOVERNMENTS-Firm.

\$1.32; mixed do \$1.31; No. 2 mixed western red \$1.32; do No. 2, \$1.31; Corn—Firme western mixed \$2.56; Oats—Western white offact; do mixed 6.466e. Ryc—Dull and nominal at 950:81.00. Hay—Firm; Pennsylvania and Maryland \$182.26.00. Provisions—Quiet and the order trade fairly acte. Pork—Firm at \$21.00. Bulk Meats—Steady; shoulders 9c; clear rib 123.6e. Hauts—14.541.0e. Lard—Steady; house, Bacon—Steady; shoulders 10c; clear rib 123.6e. Hauts—14.541.0e. Lard—Steady refined at 143,414.5e. Butter—Firmer and not quotably higher; western extra 20a22c; do firsts at 18a20e. Petroleum—Nominal; e ude 53/a53/sc; refined 12a123/sc. Coffee—\$8.rong with an upward tendency, R10 cargoes at 163/a103/sc; jobbing lots at 17a20e. Whisky—Nominal at \$1.20.

New York, July 6.—Cotton—Firm at 15241532c. Flour—Steady and in moder-to demand; superfine western and State 450; common to good \$5 205 50; good to hoice \$5 30a560; while whent extra \$5 30a 30; extra Ohio \$5a7 00; St. Louis \$5 25a 60. Rye Flour—Steady at \$4 25a5 50. forn Meal—Steady at \$3 85a4 25. Wheat Louvey and Lower No. 2. Chicago and Tol. 200, July 6.—A fire to-night destroyed three frame buildings on the corner of Summit and Adams streets, owned by Calvin Bronson, and occupied as an anction and commission store. Loss -10,000; partially insured During the celebration of the Fourth at West Unity, Ohio, a man named Peter Krindle was killed by the premature discharge of a cannon. He leaves a family, one of the control of the

Cincinnati. CINCINNATI, July 6.— Cotton—Held higher at 1174c Flour—Steady and in moderate demand. Wheat—Steady; red \$120. 125. Corn—Steady at 6-a638c, Oats—Dull and lower at \$2455c. Rye—No market 018—Unehanged, Eggs—Steady at 13414c. Butter and Cheese—Demand fair and market firm. Forth—Demand fair and market firm. Forth—Demand fair and market firm at \$20 ob. Lard—Quiet and unchanged. Bulk Meats—Demand fair and market firm at \$140. Bacen—Firm 9/5a/12/5a/13/5. Whisky—Demand fair and market firm at \$14. Thous—Firm: common \$6 76a3 00; good light to extra butchers' \$7 10a7 25.

Allegheny Cattle.

East Liberty, July 6,—CATLE—Recipts to-day 1,102 head; 12 cars of them went through and 53 were for sale here. The run is light and prices are up a shade. Not many buyers on hand and those present are hanging off expecting a better choice, and in the decline not enough changed hands to form a feir quotation.

Hoos—Receipts to-day 1,210 head. Yorkers 57 10.7 20; Philadelphia \$7 25a7 30. SHEEP—Receipts to-day 3,603 head. Selling at \$3 504 85.

Philadelphia.
Pritadelphia.
Pritadelphia.
Steady at 11/5a126 for refined; 8%a0c for crude. Flour—Quict and weak; extra \$4.75; lowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota family at \$5.12a6 oc; Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio do \$5.75a6 25; high grades \$6.00a7.75. Wheat—D Jd. red \$1.28a3 30; ambre \$1.33; white \$1.35a1.40. Hyr—\$1.03a1.04. Corn —Firm and netice, yellow \$35/c; weatern mixed \$2c. Oats—Stronger; white 64a66c. Provisions—In fair request; quotations unchanged. Whisky—Held at \$1.20 for western. Toledo. Toleno, July 5.—Flour—Steady and In moderate demand. Wheat—Dull and unsettled; No 2 white Wabash \$1 28; No. 1 white Michigan \$1 27; extra \$1 28; amber cash and seller July \$125; seller August \$1 2715; No. 1 red \$1 2015. Corn—Dull and unsettled; high mixed 734ar; low mixed 721ar215c; no grade 7115c; damaged 60c. Outs—Quiet and a shade better; No. 2, 5815c.

Philadelphia Wool. Phillateriphia wool.

Phillateriphia yil 6.—Wool—Quiet,
supply increasing and prices steady. Ohio,
Pennselvania and West Virginia XX and
shove 43a36c; X, 48a36c; medium 50a52 4cc;
coarse 46a48c; New York, Miel igan, Indiann and western fine 46a48c; medium 50a
51c; coarse 46a47c; combing washed 55a60c;
do. unwashed 42c; fine unwashed 35a40c; coarse
and medium unwashed 36a40c; tub

washed 40a4214c; estra and merino pulled 40a45c; No. 1 and super pulled 40a45c.

Philadelphia.